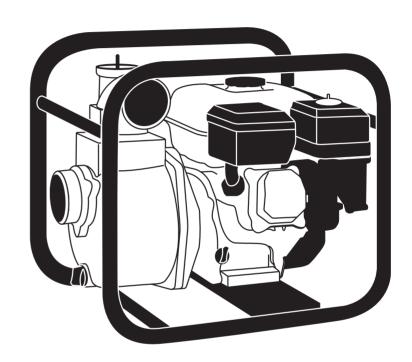
KOSHIN

HIDELS PUMP

HIGH PERFORMANCE SELF-PRIMING ENGINE PUMP

OPERATION MANUAL

- · Thank you for choosing KOSHIN products.
- This manual is for your safety.
 Please read carefully before use.
 (Wrong usage could cause serious injury or death.)
- · Please keep this manual at all time.



SPAREPARTS



For spareparts information, visit



http://www.koshinpump.com

KOSHIN LTD.

http://www.koshinpump.com

Main Contact:

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 E-Mail: CustomerService@koshinamerica.com

16-01 012047401

This manual is prepared for your safety when operating pump. Please read carefully and comprehend fully before use. (Wrong usage could cause injury or death.)

Please keep this manual handy for future reference.

Unpacking

Upon receiving the pump it should be inspected for any damage and/or missing parts. If there is any damage, file a claim with the carrier who delivered the pump. Ensure the Pump Model is correct and keep all operating manuals with the pump for reference.

A CAUTION

Do not operate unit if there is any damage due to shipping, handling, or use. Damage may cause injury or property damage.

Safety Precautions

Read these "Safety Precautions" before operation.

This manual contains information that is very important to know and understand. This information is provided for your SAFETY and to PREVENT EQUIPMENT PROBLEMS.

To help recognize this information, observe the following symbols:

▲ DANGER

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

▲ WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

A CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury, or property damage.

A DANGER



Avoid open flames or spark when refueling or maintaining the pump or engine.



Gasoline and vapors are highly flammable!



Do not operate Engine pump inside a room or confined area without proper ventilation.



Exhaust gases are dangerous. There is danger of gas poisoning.



Do not use pump on slope. Fuel leakage at fuel tank or carburetor may cause fire.



Keep area around the engine muffler free of debrismuffler can be very hot. It may cause fire or breakage.



Read instructions carefully and understand fully before use.





Keep children away from pump when in operation.



Do not overhaul, service or repair, except by a qualified person who is trained to do



Do not dead head or restrict water flow either at suction or discharge side of the pump. This may cause high air pressure and/or high temperature conditions within the pump. Extreme heat or pressure may exist.



When priming the pump, only use water. If long priming times - 5 min or more, turn off engine and allow pump to cool off.

A DANGER



Do not open plugs or hoses if heat or pressure exists within the pump.



Do not touch muffler or anv part of the engine. It could cause burn.

Do not open plugs or hoses if heat or pressure exists within the pump.

A WARNING



This pump is designed to pump water. Not to be used for drinking water, chemicals, or flammable liquids.



Water temperature range is 5°C/41°F to 45°C/113°F. Damage may result if not followed.



Do not run pump dry. This will cause premature wear and/or failure.



Please use proper suction hose and connectors at suction side of pump.

A CAUTION

Do not operate the pump without proper training. Know how to stop the pump quickly and understand the operation of all of the controls.

Attach discharge hose before operating pump. Do not restrict or obstruct discharge hose.

Personal Safety

Wear eye protection at all times when operating or maintaining pumps.

Keep area of operation clean, uncluttered and properly lighted; replace all unused tools and equipment.

Must keep visitors at a safe distance from the area of operation.

Gasoline and its vapors are highly flammable. a. Use gasoline only.

- b. Only use an approved container to store gasoline. c. Keep gasoline away from heat, spark, or open flame.
- d. When working with gasoline, a fire extinguisher must be provided.

- e. When handling flammable liquid, adequate ventilation must be provided.
- f. Smoking is prohibited.

A CAUTION

Trash Pumps/Semi-Trash Pumps are designed to pump water with up to 25%/10% suspended solid* solution. If the suspended solid percentage is higher, premature wear and failure will occur. To properly pump water with any debris, any solids must be in a suspension.

* Suspended solids are defined as debris "floating" within the water. The size of the suspended solid that can be pumped is determined by the size of the pump. Refer to the chart below for maximum suspended size.

Pump failure will occur if the suction strainer is not properly fitted. The strainer keeps the size of the suspended solids entering the pump to the predetermined size the pump has been designed to handle.

The strainer should be installed in the position where water accumulates most easily. When installing on weak ground, such as gravel or sand, position wooden boards or blocks, etc. below the strainer to prevent it from sinking into the ground.

MODEL

SUSPENDED SOILD SIZE

STH-50X, STV-50X, STR-50EX 8mm (0.3") STH-80X, STV-80X, STR-80EX 9mm(0.35" STH-100X 9mm(0.35")

A CAUTION

Make sure discharge hose is secure before operating the pump. A loose discharge hose may slip causing damage or personal injury.

Do not overtighten threaded fittings. Check hoses and all connections before operation.

Inspect pump and associated accessories before each use.

Drain pump of water before servicing. Incorrect or improper usage could cause injury or death.

Please keep this manual handy for future reference.

OPERATION

1. Application

<Clean Water Pump>

This pump is designed for clean water and dewatering applications, agriculture use, do not use with muddy or silt laden water.

<Semi-Trash Pump>

This pump is designed for general dewatering of sites that contain suspended solids as large as 3/4 inch. Do not use with sandy water which contains suspended solids larger than 3/4 inch.

▲ CAUTION Premature wear, damage and failure of the mechanical seal will occur if these instructions are not followed.



2. Priming

Refer to Figure 3 for priming instruction This is a self-priming pump, fill pump casing fully with water before starting or running the engine. If not filled with water, pumping will not begin.

▲ CAUTION If these instructions are not followed, the pump will not draw water and this will cause damage or failure of the mechanical seal.

3. Connection of suction hose

Place the pump as close to the fluid source as possible. Make the suction hose as short as possible. The suction hose should be the same diameter as the suction port. Air leaks in the suction hose will prohibit the pump from priming. The suction strainer, if used, should be the same diameter as the hose and match the solids handling capability of the pump.

A CAUTION If this step is not followed, the pump will fail to prime.

4. Drain water after use

Water inside may freeze at below 0°C/32°F in winter and may damage pump. After use, drain water from drain plug before storing.

▲ CAUTION If these instructions are not followed, pump casing may crack due to water freezing in the pump casing.

5. Long storage

Remove fuel from fuel tank and carburetor completely.

▲ CAUTION If fuel is left in the tank and carburetor, it may get stale and harm the engine. Hard starting or possible no starting may result. (Refer to Engine Operation Manual)

6. Preventing water hammer.

Do not abruptly block, close or compress discharge hose while pump is running. Do not allow cars or trucks to drive over the discharge hose.

▲ CAUTION If not followed, pump casing may break.

BEFORE USE

1. Make sure all accessories are provided.

List of accessories provided are printed on the pump manual.

2-A. 4-stroke engine needs "engine oil" (Not applicable for 2-cycle engine)

The engine is shipped without oil. Ensure engine is filled with oil to the required level prior to startup. Starting the engine without oil will destroy the engine. Warranty will not cover low oil situations. Use only Regular Unleaded Gasoline.

Engine oil

Refer to Figure 4 to check oil level Fill engine oil into oiling port at bottom of engine, as shown in illustration.

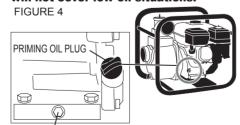
Change oil every 8 hours for the first 20 hours and every 50 hours thereafter.

SAE#30 (spring-summer)

SAE#20 (autumn-winter)

SAE10W-30 (cold district, below-10°C/14°F) Always check level of engine oil before each use.

▲ CAUTION Low or no oil will prematurely damage engine. Warranty will not cover low oil situations.



DRAIN OIL BOLT

2-B. 2-Cycle engine needs "Mixed Gas"

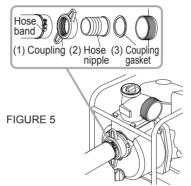
Use "Unleaded gasoline mixed with 2-cycle engine oil" only.

Follow the description of each engine regarding mixing ratio.

▲ CAUTION Check your engine carefully to determine 2-cycle or 4-cycle engine.

3. Please install coupling in order of: (1) \rightarrow (2) \rightarrow (3) (*If Applicable)

If this coupling assembly is not installed correctly in accordance with Figure 5, it will leak and pump will fail to prime.



4. Do not use a smaller diameter suction hose.

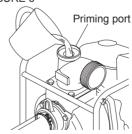
Using a smaller diameter hose will cause the pump to cavitate. Cavitation will result in mechanical seal failure.

5. Make sure suction hose is connected properly.

To avoid air leaks and slow priming, ensure the suction hose is connected properly.

6. Ensure pump is fully filled up with water.

FIGURE 6



A CAUTION

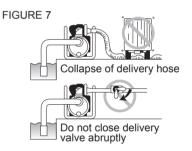
Dry running may cause serious damage to pump.

HOW TO USE

- Ensure the pump casing is completely filled (primed) with liquid prior to start-up. Failure to properly prime the pump will result in pump damage.
- Ensure strainer at the end of suction hose is fully submerged in water.
 If any mud or sand is at the bottom of water, suspend hose avoiding any debris.
- 3. Do not block, kink, or obstruct the flow of liquid through the discharge hose.

A CAUTION

Beware of water hammering Do not allow any vehicle to run over the delivery hose. Do not close the delivery valve abruptly because water-hammer may occur. This may result in excessive damage to the pump.



For engine instructions and notes, please refer to the Engine Operation Manual enclosed.

▲ CAUTION

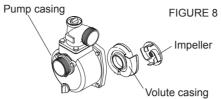
Do not smoke or expose to open flame or spark as fuel is highly flammable. Unused fuel must not remain in the tank for longterm storage. Unused, older fuel may cause future engine failure.

Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting		
SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE(S)	CORRECTIVE ACTION
Cannot pull or hard to pull recoil starter	1. Old fuel	1. Replace fuel. If there is no improvement,
	2. Rusting inside engine3. Burn out of engine4. Blocked impeller5. Debris at impeller	repair engine 2. Refer to Engine Operation Manual. (Repair) 3. Refer to Engine Operation Manual. (Repair) 4. Dismantle & clean the impeller 5. Dismantle & clean the impeller
Low delivery volume	Air leakage from suction side Low output from engine Damage of mechanical seal Suction lift is high Suction pipe is too long or too small in diameter Water leaking from delivery hose or pipe Debris at impeller	1. Check hose at suction side 2. Check and repair engine 3. Replace mechanical seal (Repair) 4. Decrease suction lift 5. Shorten suction pipe or enlarge to proper diameter 6. Check and stop leakage of water 7. Dismantle & clean the impeller ⇒ SOLUTION (1)
	8. Worn or broken impeller	8. Replace the impeller (Repair)
Pump does not prime water	 Air leaking in from suction side Insufficient priming water Inside pump casing 	1. Check hose and connections at suction side 2. Fill pump with water for priming Refer to BEFORE USE - "Fill pump with water before use" 1. Check hose and connections SOLUTION (2)
	3. Drain plug is not tightened	Tighten drain plug firmly. Please refer to "ATTENTION AFTER USE"
	4. Engine speed/rpm is too low5. Damage to mechanical seal6. Wrong suction hose used	4. Refer to Engine Operation Manual5. Replace mechanical seal (Repair)6. Use suction hose correctly
Engine does not start	Carburetor is choked/blocked Spark Plug is wet Air cleaner dirty Too much engine oil	1. Repair 2. Check & repair the plug 3. Clean air cleaner. (Refer to Engine Operation Manual) 4. Adjust engine oil to suitable level
	(4-cycle engine)5. Insufficient engine oil(4-stroke engine)	5. Function of oil alert (oil sensor) is working. (This function protects engine. If volume of engine oil is not a suitable level, engine does not
	6. After checking above points, still engine does not start	start) 6. Possibility of damage, inner parts of engine (Repair)
Oil leakage from muffler or air cleaner	1. Tipping of engine	Clean engine (Air Cleaner, Carburetor, Muffler, Spark plug, etc.)

SOLUTION (1)

Remove debris from impeller. (Please don't remove impeller)



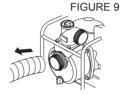
SOLUTION (2)

Check suction hose. In case of no suction or small delivery, the cause is usually due to air leakage at suction side. In such case:

1. Remove suction hose.

2. Start engine with water inside the pump.

3. Press the palm of your hand to cover the suction hole and wait 30 seconds. If you feel suction on your palm, the pump is working fine but hose connection needs correction.



Recoil

FIGURE 11

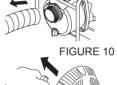


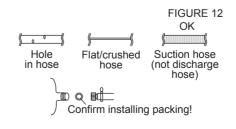
FIGURE 14

FIGURE 13

A CAUTION For assistance with checking and repair, please ask your

Test for suction

4. Please check if rubber/gasket packing is installed and if there is any hole in suction hose.



SOLUTION (3)

Confirm the spark plug is clean and free of debris. Otherwise use a clean cloth to remove stains and dirt.

Confirm gap between spark plug. Plug gap should be 0.6-0.7 mm or 0.024-0.028 in. Adjust gap to be within this range.

New spark plug may be required if engine still will not start after you clean plug and adjust gap of plug.

A CAUTION There are many different types of spark plugs. Please check and select correct plugs according to Engine Operation Manual.

NOTE: A leak between the pump casing and the engine is usually due to a damaged mechanical

Refer to a local service center.

